109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1592

To establish marine and freshwater research, development, and demonstration programs to support efforts to prevent, control, and eradicate invasive species, as well as to educate citizens and stakeholders and restore ecosystems.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 13, 2005

Mr. Ehlers (for himself, Mr. Gilchrest, Mr. Boehlert, Mr. Baird, Mr. Honda, and Mr. Kirk) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, and in addition to the Committees on Transportation and Infrastructure, Resources, and House Administration, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To establish marine and freshwater research, development, and demonstration programs to support efforts to prevent, control, and eradicate invasive species, as well as to educate citizens and stakeholders and restore ecosystems.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Aquatic Invasive Spe-
- 5 cies Research Act".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

| \mathbf{a} | m | α | 1 | 4.1 | e 11 | • | C. | 1. |
|--------------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----|------|----------|-------|-------|
| 2 | The | Congress | makes | the | TOLL | α | tine | ımos. |
| _ | 1 110 | COLLETCOR | HILLIAN | OII | 1011 | 0 11115 | TITIC | |

- (1) Aquatic invasive species damage infrastructure, disrupt commerce, outcompete native species, reduce biodiversity, and threaten human health.
 - (2) The direct and indirect costs of aquatic invasive species to our Nation's economy number in the billions of dollars per year. In the Great Lakes region, approximately \$3,000,000,000 dollars have been spent in the past 10 years to mitigate the damage caused by one invasive species, the zebra mussel.
 - (3) Recent studies have shown that, in addition to economic damage, invasive species cause enormous environmental damage, and have cited invasive species as the second leading threat to endangered species.
 - (4) Over the past 200 years, the rate of detected marine and freshwater invasions in North America has increased exponentially.
 - (5) The rate of invasions continues to grow each year.
 - (6) Marine and freshwater research underlies every aspect of detecting, preventing, controlling, and eradicating invasive species, educating citizens and stakeholders, and restoring ecosystems.

- (7) Current Federal efforts, including research efforts, have focused primarily on controlling established invasive species, which is both costly and often unsuccessful. An emphasis on research, development, and demonstration to support efforts to prevent invasive species or eradicate them upon entry into United States waters would likely result in a more cost-effective and successful approach to combating invasive species through preventing initial introduction.
 - (8) Research, development, and demonstration to support prevention and eradication includes monitoring of both pathways and ecosystems to track the introduction and establishment of nonnative species, and development and testing of technologies to prevent introduction through known pathways.
 - (9) Therefore, Congress finds that it is in the United States interest to conduct a comprehensive and thorough research, development, and demonstration program on aquatic invasive species in order to better understand how aquatic invasive species are introduced and become established and to support efforts to prevent the introduction and establishment of, and to eradicate, these species.

1 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS. 2 In this Act: 3 (1) Administering agencies.—The term "ad-4 ministering agencies" means— 5 (A) the National Oceanic and Atmospheric 6 Administration (including the Great Lakes En-7 vironmental Research Laboratory); 8 (B) the Smithsonian Institution (acting 9 through the Smithsonian Environmental Research Center); and 10 11 (C) the United States Geological Survey. 12 (2) AQUATIC ECOSYSTEM.—The term "aquatic ecosystem" means a freshwater, marine, or estuarine 13 14 environment (including inland waters, riparian areas, and wetlands) located in the United States. 15 16 Ballast WATER.—The term "ballast water" means any water (with its suspended matter) 17 18 used to maintain the trim and stability of a vessel. 19 (4) Invasion.—The term "invasion" means the 20 introduction and establishment of an invasive species 21 into an ecosystem beyond its historic range. 22 (5) Invasive species.—The term "invasive species" means a species— 23 24 (A) that is nonnative to the ecosystem

under consideration; and

- 1 (B) whose introduction causes or may 2 cause harm to the economy, the environment, or 3 human health.
 - (6) Invasive species council.—The term "Invasive Species Council" means the council established by section 3 of Executive Order No. 13112 (42 U.S.C. 4321 note).
 - (7) Pathway.—The term "pathway" means 1 or more routes by which an invasive species is transferred from one ecosystem to another.
 - (8) Species.—The term "species" means any fundamental category of taxonomic classification or any viable biological material ranking below a genus or subgenus.
 - (9) Task force.—The term "Task Force" means the Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force established by section 1201(a) of the Nonindigenous Aquatic Nuisance Prevention and Control Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 4721(a)).
 - (10) Type approval.—The term "type approval" means an approval procedure under which a type of system is certified as meeting a standard established pursuant to Federal law for a particular application.

1 SEC. 4. COORDINATION AND IMPLEMENTATION.

- 2 (a) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this Act, the
- 3 administering agencies shall coordinate with—
- 4 (1) appropriate State agencies;
- 5 (2) the Fish and Wildlife Service, the Environ-
- 6 mental Protection Agency, and other appropriate
- 7 Federal agencies; and
- 8 (3) the Task Force and Invasive Species Coun-
- 9 cil.
- 10 (b) IMPLEMENTATION.—The administering agencies
- 11 shall enter into a memorandum of understanding regard-
- 12 ing the implementation of this Act, which shall include the
- 13 coordination required by subsection (a).
- 14 (c) Cooperation.—In carrying out this Act, the ad-
- 15 ministering agencies shall contract, as appropriate, or oth-
- 16 erwise cooperate with academic researchers.
- 17 (d) STRUCTURE.—To the extent practicable, the ad-
- 18 ministering agencies shall carry out this Act working with-
- 19 in the organizational structure of the Task Force and
- 20 Invasive Species Council.
- 21 SEC. 5. ECOLOGICAL AND PATHWAY RESEARCH.
- 22 (a) In General.—The administering agencies shall
- 23 develop and conduct a marine and fresh-water research
- 24 program which shall include ecological and pathway sur-
- 25 veys and experimentation to detect nonnative aquatic spe-
- 26 cies in aquatic ecosystems and to assess rates and patterns

- 1 of introductions of nonnative aquatic species in aquatic
- 2 ecosystems. The goal of this marine and freshwater re-
- 3 search program shall be to support efforts to prevent the
- 4 introduction of, detect, and eradicate invasive species
- 5 through informing early detection and rapid response ef-
- 6 forts, informing relevant policy decisions, and assessing
- 7 the effectiveness of implemented policies to prevent the in-
- 8 troduction and spread of aquatic invasive species. Surveys
- 9 and experiments under this subsection shall be commenced
- 10 not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment
- 11 of this Act.
- 12 (b) Protocol Development.—The administering
- 13 agencies shall establish standardized protocols for con-
- 14 ducting ecological and pathway surveys of nonnative
- 15 aquatic species under subsection (a) that are integrated
- 16 and produce comparable data. Protocols shall, as prac-
- 17 ticable, be integrated with existing protocols and data col-
- 18 lection methods. In developing the protocols under this
- 19 subsection, the administering agencies shall draw on the
- 20 recommendations gathered at the workshop under sub-
- 21 section (g). The protocols shall be peer reviewed, and re-
- 22 vised as necessary. Protocols shall be completed within 1
- 23 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

| 1 | (c) Ecological and Pathway Survey Require |
|----|--|
| 2 | MENTS.—(1) Each ecological survey conducted under sub |
| 3 | section (a) shall, at a minimum— |
| 4 | (A) document baseline ecological information of |
| 5 | the aquatic ecosystem including, to the extent prac |
| 6 | ticable, a comprehensive inventory of native species |
| 7 | nonnative species, and species of unknown origin |
| 8 | present in the ecosystem, as well as the chemica |
| 9 | and physical characteristics of the water and under |
| 10 | lying substrate; |
| 11 | (B) for nonnative species, gather information to |
| 12 | assist in identifying their life history, environmenta |
| 13 | requirements and tolerances, the historic range of |
| 14 | their native ecosystems, and their history of spread |
| 15 | ing from their native ecosystems; |
| 16 | (C) track the establishment of nonnative species |
| 17 | including information about the estimated abun |
| 18 | dance of nonnative organisms in order to allow an |
| 19 | analysis of the probable date of introduction of the |
| 20 | species; and |
| 21 | (D) identify the likely pathway of entry of non- |
| 22 | native species. |
| 23 | (2) Each pathway survey conducted under this sec |

24 tion shall, at a minimum—

- 1 (A) identify what nonnative aquatic species are 2 being introduced or may be introduced through the 3 pathways under consideration;
- 4 (B) determine the quantities of organisms being 5 introduced through the pathways under consider-6 ation; and
- 7 (C) determine the practices that contributed to 8 or could contribute to the introduction of nonnative 9 aquatic species through the pathway under consideration.
- 11 (d) Number and Location of Survey Sites.—
 12 The administering agencies shall designate the number
 13 and location of survey sites necessary to carry out marine
 14 and freshwater research required under this section. In
 15 establishing sites under this subsection or subsection (e),
 16 emphasis shall be on the geographic diversity of sites, as
 17 well as the diversity of the human uses and biological char18 acteristics of sites.
- 19 (e) Competitive Grant Program.—The National 20 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the United 21 States Geological Survey shall jointly administer a pro-22 gram to award competitive, peer-reviewed grants to aca-23 demic institutions, State agencies, and other appropriate 24 groups, in order to assist in carrying out subsection (a), 25 and shall include to the maximum extent practicable di-

- 1 verse institutions, including Historically Black Colleges
- 2 and Universities and those serving large proportions of
- 3 Hispanics, Native Americans, Asian-Pacific Americans, or
- 4 other underrepresented populations.
- 5 (f) Ship Pathway Surveys.—Section
- 6 1102(b)(2)(B)(ii) of the Nonindigenous Aquatic Nuisance
- 7 Prevention and Control Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C.
- 8 4712(b)(2)(B)(ii)) is amended to read as follows:
- 9 "(ii) examine other potential modes
- for the introduction of nonnative aquatic
- species by ship, including hull fouling.".
- 12 (g) Workshop.—In order to support the develop-
- 13 ment of the protocols and design for the surveys under
- 14 subsections (b) and (c), and to determine how to obtain
- 15 consistent, comparable data across a range of ecosystems,
- 16 the administering agencies shall convene at least one
- 17 workshop with appropriate researchers and representa-
- 18 tives involved in the management of aquatic invasive spe-
- 19 cies from Federal and State agencies and academic insti-
- 20 tutions to gather recommendations. The administering
- 21 agencies shall make the results of the workshop widely
- 22 available to the public. The workshop shall be held within
- 23 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 24 (h) Experimentation.—The administering agen-
- 25 cies shall conduct research to identify the relationship be-

| 1 | tween the introduction and establishment of nonnative |
|----|--|
| 2 | aquatic species, including those legally introduced, and the |
| 3 | circumstances necessary for those species to become |
| 4 | invasive. |
| 5 | (i) National Pathway and Ecological Surveys |
| 6 | Database.— |
| 7 | (1) In General.—The United States Geologi- |
| 8 | cal Survey shall develop, maintain, and update, in |
| 9 | consultation and cooperation with the Smithsonian |
| 10 | Institution (acting through the Smithsonian Envi- |
| 11 | ronmental Research Center), the National Oceanic |
| 12 | and Atmospheric Administration, and the Task |
| 13 | Force, a central, national database of information |
| 14 | concerning information collected under this section. |
| 15 | (2) Requirements.—The database shall— |
| 16 | (A) be widely available to the public; |
| 17 | (B) be updated not less than once a quar- |
| 18 | ter; |
| 19 | (C) be coordinated with existing databases, |
| 20 | both domestic and foreign, collecting similar in- |
| 21 | formation; and |
| 22 | (D) be, to the maximum extent practicable, |
| 23 | formatted such that the data is useful for both |
| 24 | researchers and Federal and State employees |
| 25 | managing relevant invasive species programs. |

1 SEC. 6. ANALYSIS.

| 2 | (a) Invasion Analysis.— |
|----|---|
| 3 | (1) In general.—Not later than 3 years after |
| 4 | the date of the enactment of this Act, and every year |
| 5 | thereafter, the administering agencies shall analyze |
| 6 | data collected under section 5 and other relevant re- |
| 7 | search on the rates and patterns of invasions by |
| 8 | aquatic invasive species in waters of the United |
| 9 | States. The purpose of this analysis shall be to use |
| 10 | the data collected under section 5 and other relevant |
| 11 | research to support efforts to prevent the introduc- |
| 12 | tion of, detect, and eradicate invasive species |
| 13 | through informing early detection and rapid re- |
| 14 | sponse efforts, informing relevant policy decisions, |
| 15 | and assessing the effectiveness of implemented poli- |
| 16 | cies to prevent the introduction and spread of |
| 17 | invasive species. |
| 18 | (2) Contents.—The analysis required under |
| 19 | paragraph (1) shall include with respect to aquatic |
| 20 | invasive species— |
| 21 | (A) an analysis of pathways, including— |
| 22 | (i) identifying, and characterizing as |
| 23 | high, medium, or low risk, pathways re- |
| 24 | gionally and nationally; |
| 25 | (ii) identifying new and expanding |
| 26 | pathways; |

| 1 | (iii) identifying handling practices |
|----|--|
| 2 | that contribute to the introduction of spe- |
| 3 | cies in pathways; and |
| 4 | (iv) assessing the risk that species le- |
| 5 | gally introduced into the United States |
| 6 | pose for introduction into aquatic eco- |
| 7 | systems; |
| 8 | (B) patterns and rates of invasion and sus- |
| 9 | ceptibility to invasion of various bodies of |
| 10 | water; |
| 11 | (C) how the risk of establishment through |
| 12 | a pathway is related to the identity and number |
| 13 | of organisms transported; |
| 14 | (D) rates of spread and numbers and types |
| 15 | of pathways of spread of new populations of the |
| 16 | aquatic invasive species and an estimation of |
| 17 | the potential spread and distribution of newly |
| 18 | introduced invasive species based on their envi- |
| 19 | ronmental requirements and historical distribu- |
| 20 | tion; |
| 21 | (E) documentation of factors that influ- |
| 22 | ence an ecosystem's vulnerability to a nonnative |
| 23 | aquatic species becoming invasive |

- 1 (F) a description of the potential for, and 2 impacts of, pathway management programs on 3 invasion rates;
 - (G) recommendations for improvements in the effectiveness of pathway management;
 - (H) to the extent practical, a determination of the level of reduction in live organisms of various taxonomic groups required to reduce the risk of establishment to receiving aquatic ecosystems to an acceptable level; and
 - (I) an evaluation of the effectiveness of management actions (including any standard) at preventing nonnative species introductions and establishment.
- 15 (b) Research to Assess the Potential of the ESTABLISHMENT OF INTRODUCED SPECIES.—Within 2 16 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the ad-17 18 ministering agencies shall develop a profile, based on the 19 general characteristics of invasive species and vulnerable 20 ecosystems, in order to predict, to the extent practical, 21 whether a species planned for importation is likely to in-22 vade a particular aquatic ecosystem if introduced. In developing the profile, the above agencies shall analyze the research conducted under section 5, and other research 25 as necessary, to determine general species and ecosystem

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

- 1 characteristics (taking into account the opportunity for in-
- 2 troduction into any ecosystem) and circumstances that can
- 3 lead to establishment. Based on the profile, the Task
- 4 Force shall make recommendations to the Invasive Species
- 5 Council as to what planned importations of nonnative
- 6 aquatic organisms should be restricted. This profile shall
- 7 be peer-reviewed.
- 8 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 9 are authorized to be appropriated for carrying out this sec-
- 10 tion and section 5 of this Act, and section 1102(b)(2) of
- 11 the Nonindigenous Aquatic Nuisance Prevention and Con-
- 12 trol Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 4712(b)(2)) for each of the
- 13 fiscal years 2006 through 2010—
- 14 (1) \$4,000,000 for the Smithsonian Environ-
- 15 mental Research Center;
- 16 (2) \$11,000,000 for the United States Geologi-
- 17 cal Survey (including activities through the Coopera-
- tive Fish and Wildlife Research Program), of which
- \$6,500,000 shall be for the grant program under
- section 5(e), and of which \$500,000 shall be for de-
- veloping, maintaining, and updating the database
- 22 under section 5(i); and
- 23 (3) \$10,500,000 for the National Oceanic and
- Atmospheric Administration, of which \$6,500,000
- shall be for the grant program under section 5(e).

SEC. 7. DISSEMINATION.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Invasive Species Council, in
- 3 coordination with the Task Force and the administering
- 4 agencies, shall be responsible for disseminating the infor-
- 5 mation collected under this Act to the public, including
- 6 Federal, State, and local entities, relevant policymakers,
- 7 and private researchers with responsibility over or interest
- 8 in aquatic invasive species.
- 9 (b) Report to Congress.—Not later than 3 years
- 10 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Invasive
- 11 Species Council shall report actions and findings under
- 12 section 6 to the Congress, and shall update this report
- 13 once every 3 years thereafter, or more often as necessary.
- 14 (c) Response Strategy.—The Invasive Species
- 15 Council, in coordination with the Task Force, the admin-
- 16 istering agencies, and other appropriate Federal and State
- 17 agencies, shall develop and implement a national strategy
- 18 for how information collected under this Act will be shared
- 19 with Federal, State, and local entities with responsibility
- 20 for determining response to the introduction of potentially
- 21 invasive aquatic species, to enable those entities to better
- 22 and more rapidly respond to such introductions.
- 23 (d) Pathway Practices.—The Invasive Species
- 24 Council, in coordination with the Task Force and the ad-
- 25 ministering agencies, shall disseminate information to,
- 26 and develop an ongoing educational program for, pathway

- 1 users (including vendors and customers) on how their
- 2 practices could be modified to prevent the intentional or
- 3 unintentional introduction of nonnative aquatic species
- 4 into aquatic ecosystems.
- 5 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 6 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the
- 7 Interior for each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010
- 8 \$500,000 for the Invasive Species Council for carrying out
- 9 this section.
- 10 SEC. 8. TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT, DEMONSTRATION,
- 11 AND VERIFICATION.
- 12 (a) Environmentally Sound Technology De-
- 13 VELOPMENT, DEMONSTRATION, AND VERIFICATION.—
- 14 (1) Grant Program.—Not later than 1 year
- after the date of the enactment of this Act, the En-
- vironmental Protection Agency, acting through the
- 17 Office of Research and Development, in consultation
- with the Army Corps of Engineers, the admin-
- istering agencies, and the Task Force, shall develop
- and begin administering a grant program to fund re-
- search, development, demonstration, and verification
- of environmentally sound cost-effective technologies
- and methods to control and eradicate aquatic
- invasive species.

| 1 | (2) Purposes.—Proposals funded under this |
|----|---|
| 2 | subsection shall— |
| 3 | (A) seek to support Federal, State, or local |
| 4 | officials' ongoing efforts to control and eradi- |
| 5 | cate aquatic invasive species in an environ- |
| 6 | mentally sound manner; |
| 7 | (B) increase the number of environ- |
| 8 | mentally sound technologies or methods Fed- |
| 9 | eral, State, or local officials may use to control |
| 10 | or eradicate aquatic invasive species; |
| 11 | (C) provide for demonstration or dissemi- |
| 12 | nation of the technology or method to potential |
| 13 | end-users; and |
| 14 | (D) verify that any technology or method |
| 15 | meets any appropriate criteria developed for ef- |
| 16 | fectiveness and environmental soundness by the |
| 17 | Environmental Protection Agency. |
| 18 | (3) Preference.—The Administrator of the |
| 19 | Environmental Protection Agency shall give pref- |
| 20 | erence to proposals that will likely meet any appro- |
| 21 | priate criteria developed for environmental sound- |
| 22 | ness by the Environmental Protection Agency. |
| 23 | (4) Merit review.—Grants shall be awarded |
| 24 | under this subsection through a competitive, peer-re- |
| 25 | viewed process. |

| 1 | (5) Report.—Not later than 3 years after the |
|----|--|
| 2 | date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator |
| 3 | of the Environmental Protection Agency shall pre- |
| 4 | pare and submit a report to Congress on the pro- |
| 5 | gram conducted under this subsection. The report |
| 6 | shall include findings and recommendations of the |
| 7 | Administrator with regard to technologies and meth- |
| 8 | ods. |
| 9 | (b) Ship Pathway Technology Demonstra- |
| 10 | TION.— |
| 11 | (1) Reauthorization of Program.—Section |
| 12 | 1301(e) of the Nonindigenous Aquatic Nuisance |
| 13 | Prevention and Control Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. |
| 14 | 4741(e)) is amended by striking "\$2,500,000" and |
| 15 | inserting "\$7,500,000 for each of the fiscal years |
| 16 | 2006 through 2010". |
| 17 | (2) Expansion of Program.—Section 1104(b) |
| 18 | of the Nonindigenous Aquatic Nuisance Prevention |
| 19 | and Control Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 4714(b)) is |
| 20 | amended— |
| 21 | (A) by redesignating paragraphs (4) and |
| 22 | (5) as paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively; and |
| 23 | (B) by inserting after paragraph (3) the |
| 24 | following new paragraph: |

- 1 "(4) Additional purposes.—The Secretary
 2 of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce may
 3 also demonstrate and verify technologies under this
 4 subsection to monitor and control pathways of orga5 nism transport on ships other than through ballast
 6 water.".
- 7 (3) Criteria and Workshop.—Section 1104 8 of the Nonindigenous Aquatic Nuisance Prevention 9 and Control Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 4714) is 10 amended by adding at the end the following new 11 subsections:
- 12 "(d) Criteria.—When issuing grants under this sec-
- 13 tion, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administra-
- 14 tion shall give preference to those technologies that will
- 15 likely meet the criteria laid out in any testing protocol de-
- 16 veloped by the Environmental Protection Agency Office of
- 17 Research and Development's Environmental Technology
- 18 Verification Program.
- 19 "(e) WORKSHOP.—The National Oceanic and Atmos-
- 20 pheric Administration shall hold an annual workshop of
- 21 principal investigators funded under this section and re-
- 22 searchers conducting research directly related to ship
- 23 pathway technology development, for information ex-
- 24 change, and shall make the proceedings widely available
- 25 to the public.".

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There

| 2 | are authorized to be appropriated for each of the fiscal |
|----|---|
| 3 | years 2006 through 2010 \$2,500,000 for the Environ- |
| 4 | mental Protection Agency to carry out subsection (a). |
| 5 | SEC. 9. RESEARCH TO SUPPORT THE SETTING AND IMPLE- |
| 6 | MENTATION OF SHIP PATHWAY STANDARDS. |
| 7 | (a) Research Program.—The Coast Guard and the |
| 8 | Environmental Protection Agency, in coordination with |
| 9 | the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, |
| 10 | the Task Force, and other appropriate Federal agencies |
| 11 | and academic researchers, shall develop a coordinated re- |
| 12 | search program to support the promulgation and imple- |
| 13 | mentation of standards to prevent the introduction and |
| 14 | spread of invasive species by ships that shall include— |
| 15 | (1) characterizing physical, chemical, and bio- |
| 16 | logical harbor conditions relevant to ballast dis- |
| 17 | charge into United States waters to inform the de- |
| 18 | sign and implementation of ship vector control tech- |
| 19 | nologies and practices; |
| 20 | (2) developing testing protocols for determining |
| 21 | the effectiveness of vector monitoring and control |
| 22 | technologies and practices; |
| 23 | (3) researching and demonstrating methods for |
| 24 | mitigating the spread of invasive species by coastal |
| 25 | voyages, including exploring the effectiveness of al- |
| | |

- ternative exchange zones in the near coastal areas and other methods proposed to reduce transfers of organisms;
- 4 (4) verifying the practical effectiveness of any 5 type approval process to ensure that the process pro-6 duces repeatable and accurate assessments of treat-7 ment effectiveness; and
- 8 (5) evaluating the effectiveness and residual 9 risk and environmental impacts associated with any 10 standard set with respect to the ship pathway 11 through experimental research.
- 11 12 (b) Working Group.—Not later than 2 years after the issuance by the Coast Guard of any standard relating to the introduction by ships of invasive species, the Coast 14 15 Guard shall convene a working group including the Environmental Protection Agency, the administering agencies, 16 17 and other appropriate Federal and State agencies and aca-18 demic researchers, to evaluate the effectiveness of that 19 standard and accompanying implementation protocols. 20 The duties of the working group shall, at a minimum, in-21 clude—
- 22 (1) reviewing the effectiveness of the standard 23 in reducing the establishment of invasive species in 24 aquatic ecosystems, taking into consideration the 25 data collected under section 5; and

- 1 (2) developing recommendations to the Coast 2 Guard for the revision of such standard and type ap-3 proval process to ensure effectiveness in reducing introductions and accurate shipboard monitoring of 5 treatment performance that is simple and stream-6 lined, which shall be made widely available to the 7 public. 8 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated for each of the fiscal 10 years 2006 through 2010 \$1,500,000 for the Coast Guard and \$1,500,000 for the Environmental Protection Agency 11 to carry out subsection (a). 12 13 SEC. 10. RESEARCH IN SYSTEMATICS AND TAXONOMY. 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—The National Science Foundation 15 shall establish a program to award grants to researchers at institutions of higher education and museums to carry 16 17 out research programs in systematics and taxonomy. 18 (b) GOALS.—The goals of the program under this 19 section are to— 20 (1) encourage scientists to pursue careers in 21 systematics and taxonomy to ensure a continuing 22 knowledge base in these disciplines; 23 (2) ensure that there will be adequate expertise
- State, and local needs to identify species;

in systematics and taxonomy to support Federal,

| 1 | (3) | develop | this | expertise | through | nout 1 | the | United |
|---|-----|---------|------|-----------|---------|--------|-----|--------|
| | | | | | | | | |

- 2 States with an emphasis on regional diversity; and
- 3 (4) draw on existing expertise in systematics
- 4 and taxonomy at institutions of higher education
- 5 and museums to train the next generation of system-
- 6 atists and taxonomists.
- 7 (c) Criteria.—Grants shall be awarded under this
- 8 section on a merit-reviewed competitive basis. Emphasis
- 9 shall be placed on funding proposals in a diverse set of
- 10 ecosystems and geographic locations, and, when applica-
- 11 ble, integrated with the United States Long Term Ecologi-
- 12 cal Research Network. Preference shall be given to pro-
- 13 posals that will include student participation, and to insti-
- 14 tutions and museums that actively train students to be-
- 15 come experts in taxonomy and systematics.
- 16 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 17 are authorized to be appropriated to the National Science
- 18 Foundation for carrying out this section \$2,500,000 for
- 19 each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010.
- 20 SEC. 11. STATE PROGRAMS.
- 21 (a) Plan.—The administering agencies, in coopera-
- 22 tion with the appropriate State agencies, shall develop a
- 23 plan to—

| 1 | (1) conduct a survey of methods States and |
|---|--|
| 2 | Federal agencies are using to control or eradicate |
| 3 | aquatic invasive species; |

- (2) facilitate the exchange of information among States and Federal agencies on methods States or Federal agencies have found to be effective at controlling or eradicating aquatic invasive species and the costs of those methods; and
- (3) evaluate the cost-effectiveness of the various methods States and Federal agencies are using to control or eradicate aquatic invasive species.
- 12 (b) Report.—Not later than one year after the date 13 of enactment of this Act, the administering agencies shall 14 jointly transmit to the Congress the plan described in sub-15 section (a) and the expected costs of carrying out the plan.

 \bigcirc

4

5

6

7

8

9

10